THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO THE DEPARTMENT OF GENDER, SEXUALITY AND WOMEN'S STUDIES GSWS 9466B/4464G Gender and the Environment WINTER 2022

Instructor: Professor Bipasha Baruah

- 3. To understand how racism, classism, sexism, heterosexism, imperialism and other forms of oppression shape popular environmental discourse;
- 4. To understand contemporary environmental issues from feminist perspectives;
- 5. To optimize learning through academic and non-academic course readings, lectures, films, case studies, guest speakers, debates, written and verbal participation;
- 6. To provide students with the opportunity to relate course content to their daily lives, future studies, and careers.

Course Texts and Resources:

- Susan Buckingham, 2020, Gender and Environment (Second edition), Routledge.
 Available online from Western libraries.
- Amitav Ghosh, The Hungry Tide

Links to some readings are included in the syllabus, others are posted as PDFs on OWL, and some are accessible online from Western libraries.

Student Assessment:

Book Review - The Hungry Tide: 20%

Research Paper: 25%

Policy Brief and Presentation: 30% (15% each)

Blog, Op-ed, or Popular Article: 15%

Attendance and participation: 10%

Book Review: Students are expected to write a review of *The Hungry Tide*. Please look under Assignments on OWL for a set of questions to use as guidelines for writing the book review.

Research Paper: The purpose of the research paper is to encourage in-depth research as well as clear and systematic argument on a topic of interest to the student and of relevance to the course. Papers are expected to be no longer than 5,000 words (inclusive of title, abstract, footnotes and bibliography) and referenced in APA style. The bibliography must include at least 15 references to scholarly and/or practitioner literature. The paper should follow the format of Title, Abstract (100 words), Keywords (3-5), Introduction (including objectives and rationale for the research and selected background literature), Methodology (explain which databases searches were conducted in, what the inclusion and exclusion criteria were, why the scholarly and/or practitioner literature included in the paper were selected, and how they were analyzed (inductive or deductive thematic analysis, for example), Results/Findings, Discussion, Conclusion and Bibliography. Look under Assignments on OWL for an example of a research paper based on Literature Review and Knowledge Synthesis.

Policy Brief: Policy briefs are useful tools for presenting research and recommendations to a non-specialized audience. They serve as a vehicle for providing evidence-based policy advice to help readers make informed decisions. A strong policy brief distills research findings in plain

language and makes clear policy recommendations. The best policy briefs are clear and concise stand-alone documents that focus on a single topic: https://www.idrc.ca/en/how-write-policy-brief (Please look under the Assignments tab on OWL for the template for the 1,000 word policy brief you will use for this course as well as a sample policy brief).

Presentation: Stude

The university regulations require that the following plagiarism information be included on course syllabi:

Scholastic Offences:

"Scholastic offences are taken seriously, and students are directed to read the appropriate policy, specifically, the definition of what constitutes a Scholastic Offence, at the following website:

http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/handbook/appeals/scholoff.pdf

http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/handbook/exam/crsout.pdf

Specifically on Plagiarism:

"Students must write their essays aef

Kusnetz, Canada's Tar Sands: Destruction So Vast and Deep It Challenges the Existence of Land and People. *Inside Climate News*. November 21, 2021. https://insideclimatenews.org/news/21112021/tar-sands-canada-oil/

Week 2: 10 January 2022: Gender and Environment: Key Issues

Buckingham, Linking Gender and the Environment (Chapter 1)

Radel, Natures, Gendered*

Ghosh, The Nutmeg's Curse: Parables for a Planet in Crisis (Chapter 8: Fossilized Forests) *

Week 3: 17 January 2022: Gender and Climate Change

Seager, Rachel Carson Died of Breast Cancer: The Coming of Age of Feminist Environmentalism*

Buckingham, Conceptualizing Gender-Environment Relationships (Chapter 3)

Men, Masculinities and Climate Change: A Discussion Paper:

http://menengage.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/Men-Masculinities-and-Climate-Change-FINAL.pdf

Hartmann and Barajas-Roman: The Population Bomb is Back: With a Global Warming Twist: http://www.isiswomen.org/phocadownload/print/isispub/wia/wia2009-2/2wia09_17features_betsy.pdf

Week 4: 24 January 2022: Gender, Climate Change, Green Economy

Terry, No climate justice without gender justice*

Wilson, Gendering Oil Tracing Western Petrosexual Relations*

Baruah, B. 2016. Renewable inequity? Women's employment in clean energy in industrialized, emerging and developing economies. *Natural Resources Forum* 41(1): 18-29.

Baruah, There's A Gender Gap in The Global Renewable Energy Workforce: https://www.huffpost.com/archive/ca/entry/renewable-inequity-global_b_9402854

Baruah and Biskupski-Mujanovic, Closing the Gender Gaps in Energy Sector Recruitment, Retention and Advancement*

Baruah, B. and S. Biskupski-Mujanovic. 2021. Gender Analysis of Policymaking in Construction

Ferroukhi, R., López, C. & B. Baruah. 2021. Global Trends in Women's Employment in Renewable Energy: Continuities, Disruptions, Contradictions. In Williams, A. & I. Luginaah (eds.) *Gender M*

National Geographic, This vanishing forest protects the coasts—and lives—of two countries: https://www.nationalgeographic.com/magazine/2019/07/sundarbans-mangrove-forest-in-bangladesh-india-threatened-by-rising-

Week 13: 28 March 2022: Student Presentations (POLICY BRIEFS DUE)

RESEARCH PAPER DUE: April 22